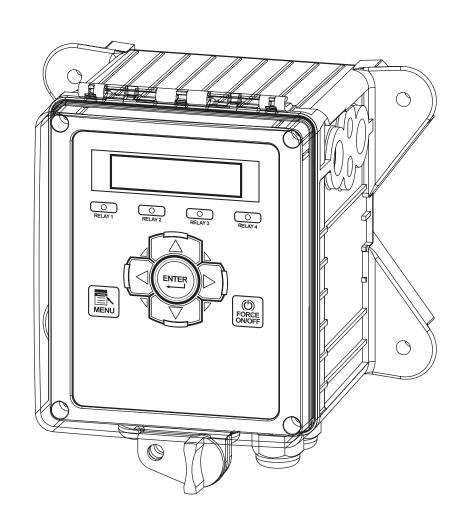


# Manual —

# **NANO XL**

Conductivity

Installation Maintenance Repair Manual



# **Advantage Controls**

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### I. Introduction

NANO XL microprocessor based controllers are designed to provide a wide range of control functions for recirculating water treatment systems. The controller is programmed through a front panel keypad and can be configured to provide a customized control system for your application. Your particular unit's functions can be determined by comparing the units model number to the Model Numbering table listed below.

### **Model Numbering**

NanoTron units have several base system control functions and unit optional features. Your unit may be supplied with one or more of the features described in this manual. To determine what features apply to your unit check the model number label located on the controller enclosure.

#### **Base Control Function**

B2 - Boiler Conductivity and 3 Feed Timers

C - Tower Conductivity and 3 Feed Timers

F4 - Four Selectable Feed Timers

#### **Whole Unit Optional Features**

A - Conduit Connections

A3 - Liquid tights only, 100-240 VAC

E - Flow Switch

N1 - One mA Input

O1 - One mA Output

Y - UL/CSA/CE testing approvals

# II. Description

NanoTron units are designed to automate conductivity control and / or the addition of various chemicals or activate other devices via a relay output. Each relay can have its activation function selected from available analog inputs, timers, alarms or utility.

#### NANOXL-C and NANOXL-B2 units include:

- Two totalizing water meter inputs that can be configured for contacting head or hall effect meter inputs.
- Three digital inputs that can be set to disable a relay output.
- Four mechanical relay outputs with normally open and normally closed contacts that can be configured for powered or dry contact relay operation (see page 6 diagram).

**Conductivity Control (C & B)** - Conductivity monitoring and control of Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) in a recirculating water systems in terms of electrical conductivity measured in MicroSiemens/cm. The conductivity scale can be selected from three ranges (low, mid and high) in the Configure menu (see page 12). Selectable feed timers are also included (see timer description below).

**Feed Timer** - Three selectable timers that can be individually programmed as one of the following types:

- 1. **Pulse Timer** Accepts dry contact pulses from a water meter (supplied separately). It can accumulate 1-9999 pulses to activate the timer to run from 0-99 minutes, 59 seconds in minutes and seconds. Timer will store up to 5 additional activations during an individual run time.
- 2. **Recycle Timer** Provides a user defined "off" cycle in HH:MM and a user defined "on" cycle in MM:SS that is repeated constantly.
- 3. **28-Day Timer -** 28-day feed timers, typically used for biocide feed are based on a 28-day cycle with two independent programmable feed cycles allowing for feed on selectable days and weeks.
- 4. **Post Relay Timer -** The relay is activated after a relay cycle and runs for the set percentage of that bleed cycle.
- 5. **With Relay Timer -** Activates the relay output simultaneously with the relay and limits the amount of time the relay output will be on during the relay cycle.
- 6. Utility Relay always on
- 7. Alarm Relay on with alarms

#### III. Intended Use



The NanoXL is a microprocessor-based measuring and control instrument used to measure water quality parameters and other process variables in a wide range of water and wastewater treatment applications.

Operating the instrument in any way other than as described in these instructions may compromise the safety and function of the measuring system and is therefore impermissible. Electrical connection work and maintenance work may only be carried out by qualified personnel. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

# **Mechanical Specifications**

Enclosure Material	(ABS) "Polylac"
Enclosure	UL rated at 94V-0. Heavy duty, high impact thermoplastic with padlockable gasketed Lexan viewing door.
Dimensions	W 7.5" (19.05 cm) x H 7.5" (19.05 cm) x D 5.875" (14.923 cm)
Operating Ambient Temp	0° to 125°F (-17 to 52°C)
Storage Temperature	-4 - 176°F (-20 - 80°C)
Humidity	10 to 90% non-condensing
Pollution Degree	2
Overvoltage Category	II
Altitude	2000 m (6560 ft) maximum
Relays	2.5 amp per relay

### **Icon Definitions**

Symbol	Publication	Description
•	IEC 417, No. 5019	Protective Conductor Terminal
	IEC 417, No. 5007	On (Supply)
0	IEC 417, No. 5008	Off (Supply)
A	ISO 3864, No. B.3.6	Caution, risk of electric shock
<u> </u>	ISO 3864, No. B.3.1	Caution

### Installation

#### A. Electrical Wiring Information

The controller has an internal regulated power supply that will operate in the range of approximately 100 to 240 VAC on the incoming wiring. Output relay(s) are protected with a replaceable fuse. Relay output voltage will equal the incoming line voltage.

Your controller will arrive from the factory prewired or ready for hardwiring. Depending on your configuration of controller options, you may be required to hardwire some or all of the input/output devices. Refer to the logic and relay card wiring section on page 6.

**Note:** When wiring the optional flow meter contactor input, the 4-20 mA outputs or a remote flow switch, it is advisable to use stranded, twisted, shielded pair wire between 22-26 AWG. Shield should be terminated at the controller at the most convenient shield terminal.

Prewired units are supplied with a 16 AWG cable with a 3-wire grounded USA 120 volt plug for incoming power and 18 AWG 3-wire grounded receptacle cords for all control relay outputs. Conduit units are supplied with liquid tights and adaptors for easy hard wiring to supplied connector.

<u>∧</u> ♠ CAUTION <u>∧</u> ♠				
1.	There are live circuits inside the controller even when the power switch on the front panel is in the OFF position! The front panel must never be opened before power to the controller is REMOVED! If your controller is prewired, it is supplied with an 8 foot, 18 AWG power cord with USA style plug. A tool (#1 Phillips driver) is required to open the front panel.			
2.	Low voltage signal wires (probes, flow switches, water meter, etc.) should never be run in conduit with high voltage (like 115VAC) wires.			
3.	Never attempt to land connections to the controller without first disconnecting power from the outlet.			
4.	Do not block access to disconnect power during mounting and installation.			
5.	The electrical installation of the controller must be done by trained personnel only and conform to all applicable National, State and Local codes!			
6.	Proper grounding of this product is required. The controller should be connected to its own isolated circuit breaker, and for the best results, the ground should be a true earth ground, not shared. Any attempt to bypass the grounding will compromise the safety of persons and property.			
7.	Operating this product in a manner not specified by the manufacturer may impair the protection provided by the equipment.			
8.	Only power device with cover installed. Never operate device with cover removed.			

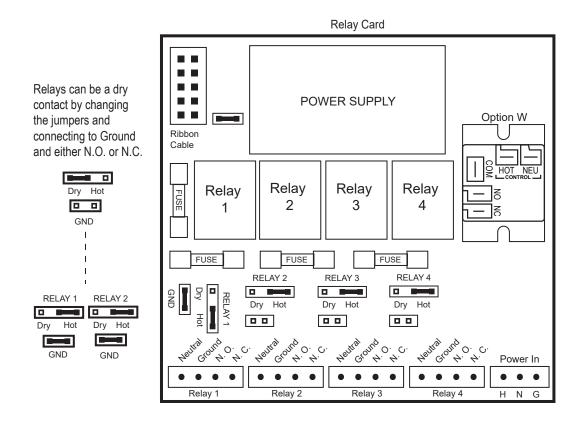
#### Additional Notes:

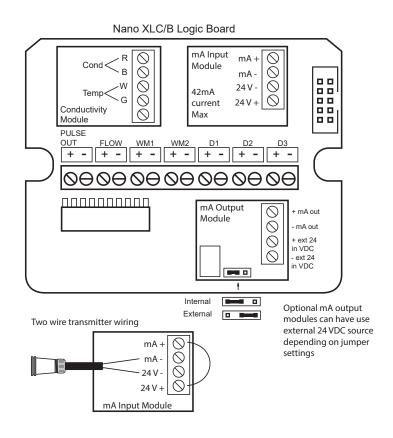
- 1. Liquid tight fittings and some labeled signal leads are provided for signal (low voltage) connections, such as water meter inputs.
- 2. Hall effect meters that require +12 VDC must use an external power supply (TFS-PWR).
- 3. Optional 4-20mA ouput is produced with 12 VDC on the loop. Do not connect output to devices that are trying to power the loop.

# B. Mounting Location Information

- 1. Select a mounting location that provides the operator easy access to the unit and a clear view of the controls through the cover of the controller. The location should be convenient to grounded electrical connections, the needed sample line plumbing and is on a stable vertical surface.
- 2. Do not block access to disconnect power during mounting and installation.
- 3. Avoid mounting in locations that expose the controller to direct sunlight, vapors, vibration, liquid spills or extreme temperatures; less than 0°F (-17.8°C) or greater than 120°F (50°C). EMI(electromagnetic interference) from radio transmissions and electric motors can also cause damage or interference and should be avoided.
- 4. Minimum screw / bolt size is #8 or larger.

# **Logic and Relay Cards**





#### **Electrode Installation**

Controllers may come configured for various circulating water systems. Listed below are instructions for cooling tower and boiler typical installations. Your specific installation requirements may differ but should conform to these instructions as much as possible for proper operation.

## A. Cooling Tower

The standard probe(s) and/or flow assembly for cooling tower installations is constructed of schedule 80 PVC and supplied with 3/4" slip fittings for installing into a sample line. To insure proper operation the sample line must have a flow rate of 3-10 gpm. Inlet pressure must be higher than outlet pressure in order for water to flow past the electrode(s) to achieve the required rate. The probes are temperature compensated for increased accuracy.

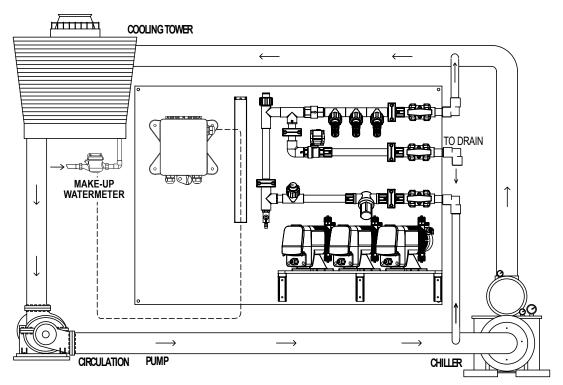
#### Notes:

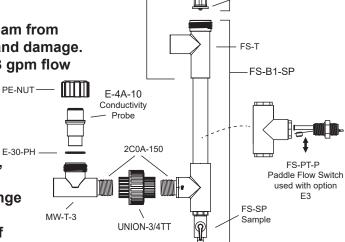
- 1. Install an isolation valve on either side of the flow assembly so electrodes can be easily isolated for removal and cleaning.
- 2. A line strainer is recommended upstream from the probes to protect against fouling and damage.
- 3. Systems with a flow switch require 2-3 gpm flow rate to operate outputs.

#### **WARNINGS:**

- 1. Electrodes are O-ring sealed, which if damaged will cause a leak.
- Do not allow pH sensor tips to dry out, damage will occur.
- 3. Do not exceed a water temperature range of 32°F to 140°F.
- 4. Do not exceed a maximum pressure of 150 psi.

# Typical Cooling Tower Installation Diagram





1A9A000262

FS-0C

E-30-PH

#### B. Boiler

Standard boiler electrodes have a MNPT stainless steel bushing and are supplied with a FNPT cross designed for mounting in the skimmer (surface) blowdown line. Sampling of the boiler's water can be achieved using one of two typical plumbing configurations (continuous sampling or timed and/or hold sampling). For a successful installation, it is critical to observe the recommended distances and pipe sizes provided in the installation drawings.

For best results, the electrode cross should be mounted in a 1"skimmer blowdown line within 4' of the boiler. Smaller line sizes and greater distances may affect the response time and accuracy of the electrode. A flow-throttling device down stream from the probe (within 24 inches) is required to ensure that the electrode is exposed to water and not steam. Properly installed and adjusted, this device will prevent flashing in the electrode chamber.

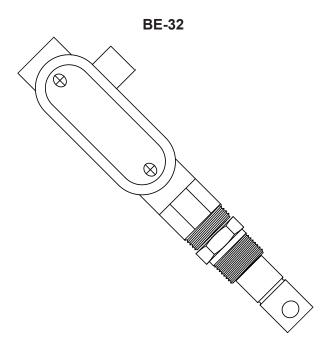
#### Notes:

- 1. Install a fully ported type valve between the electrode and the boiler. This allows the electrode to be isolated for removal and cleaning.
- 2. A flushing line and 1/4 turn type ball valve should be installed in the bottom of the cross to periodically "flush" sediment from the electrode chamber.
- 3. Make sure the alignment arrows on the probe end up parallel to the flow for best performance.

#### **WARNINGS:**

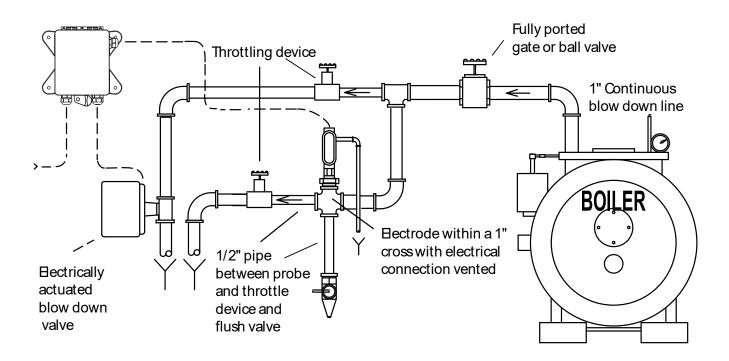
- 1. The probe must be fully immersed in the system water to read correctly. Steam flashing will result in incorrect readings.
- 2. Do not exceed a maximum water temperature of 436°F (224°C)
- 3. Do not exceed a maximum pressure of 350 psi (24.1 bar)
- 4. A throttling device must be installed down stream from the electrode.

### **Boiler Conductivity Electrodes**



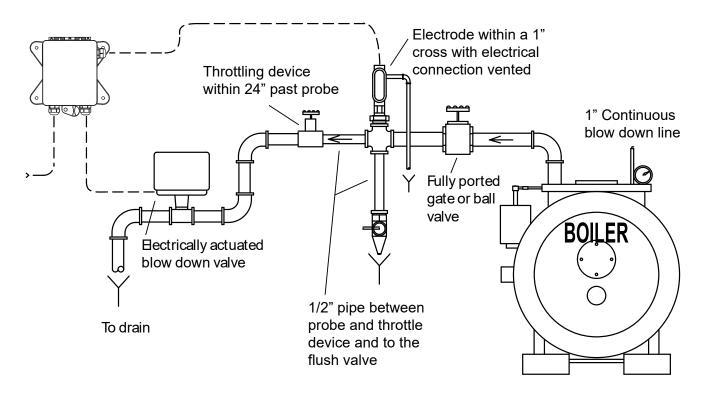
**Wiring Note:** BE-32 probes require a (2) conductor cable from controller to probe. The (2) wires connect on the (2) conductivity points (R & B) as shown on page 6.

# **Typical Continuous Sampling Boiler Installation Diagrams**



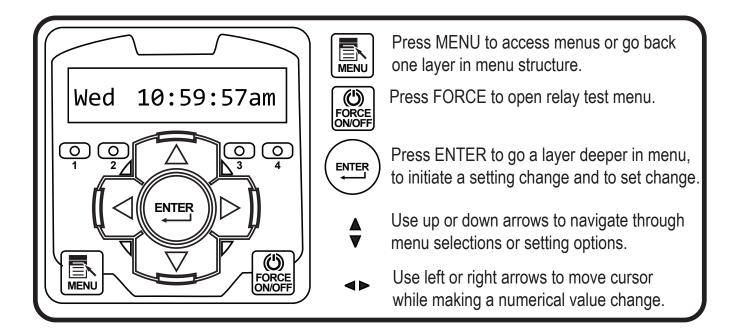
WARNING - Do not use on bottom blowdown lines, only continuous or surface blowdown lines!

# Typical Timed Sampling and Sample and Hold Boiler Installation



WARNING - Do not use on bottom blowdown lines, only continuous or surface blowdown lines!

# **IV.** Front Panel Description



# V. System Operation Overview

## **Description of Menus**

NANOXL controllers have two modes of operation, Run and Menu. All menus are circular. Pressing the DOWN key will display the next line of information on the display.

**Run -** This mode is for normal operation. In the Run mode, the display will read system values. If an alarm is present, the display flashes with the alarm status.

The Run menu will display values such as day, time, date and other values depending upon the features present on the unit. The unit will automatically return to the Run mode if no keys are pressed for three minutes.

Menu - This mode is used to make adjustments to settings and readings on the controller. To access the Menu mode from the run screen, press the Menu key. Use the up or down arrow to scroll through the various menus. When you want to access a specific menu, press the Enter key. Once you have entered a sub-menu you will be able to step through that menu's options with the up or down arrow key.

### **Conductivity Sampling Methods**

- A. Continuous Typical for most tower applications. The controller is constantly reading the sensor and activating the bleed relay based on readings relationship to the set point, set point direction and differential. Example: A rising set point of 1500 and differential of 50 the bleed relay would activate when the conductivity rises above 1500 and stays on until the reading drops to 1450.
- B. Timed Sampling A sample timer allows the conductivity to be sampled at periodic intervals. Sample intervals are adjustable from 1 minute to 99 hours, 59 min. Sample duration (on-time) is adjustable from 1 second to 99 minutes, 59 seconds. If the reading is below the set point by the differential amount the bleed relay will be turned off at the end of the sample duration and the sample interval countdown reinitiated. If the reading is above the set point at the end of the sample method the bleed relay stays on until the reading drops by the differential amount.
- **C. Sample and Hold** Also uses a sample timer for periodic sampling intervals. The unit will sample for its duration then hold the blowdown valve closed for a settable period (hold time). The conductivity is checked at the end of the hold period, if additional blowdown is required the blowdown valve is held open for a preset amount of time (blowdown time). Then sample cycle is repeated until the reading is below the set point at the end of a hold cycle and the sample interval countdown reinitiated.

**Note:** Timed Sampling and Sample and Hold are typically used for boiler applications but Timed sampling can also be used on small towers. On these tower applications the probe is installed in the bleed line before the bleed valve.

#### **Calibration Overview**

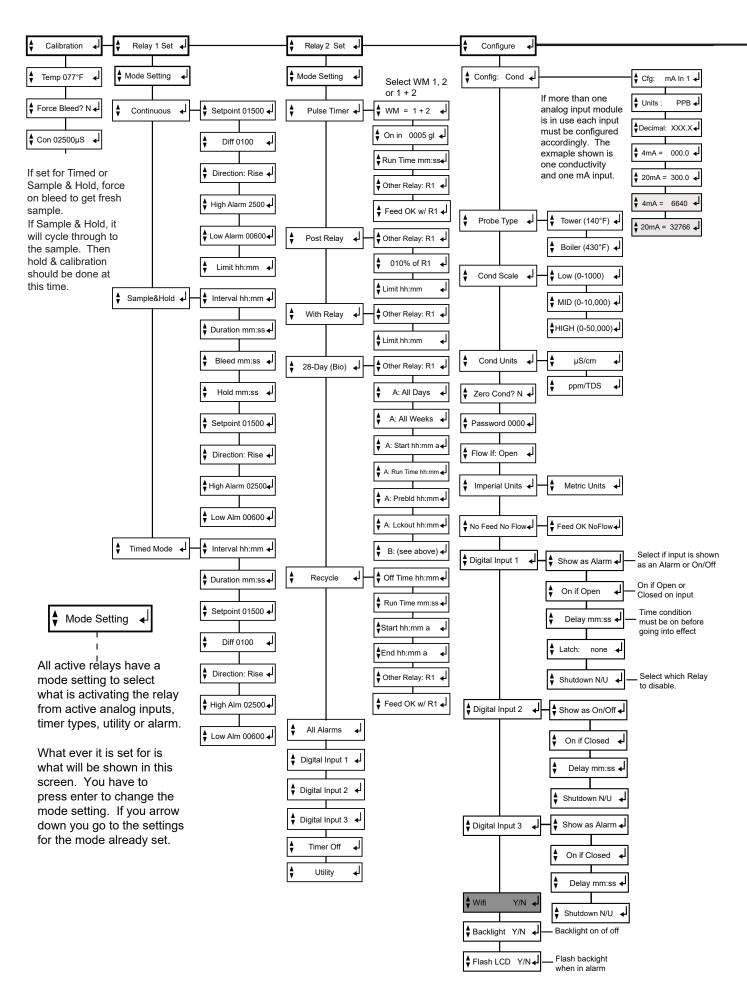
The NanoTron controllers update the conductivity reading every two seconds with a running average. Nanotron controller's conductivity scale should be selected so that the conductivity setpoint is as close as possible to the middle of the scale. (See page 12 menu for setting scale).

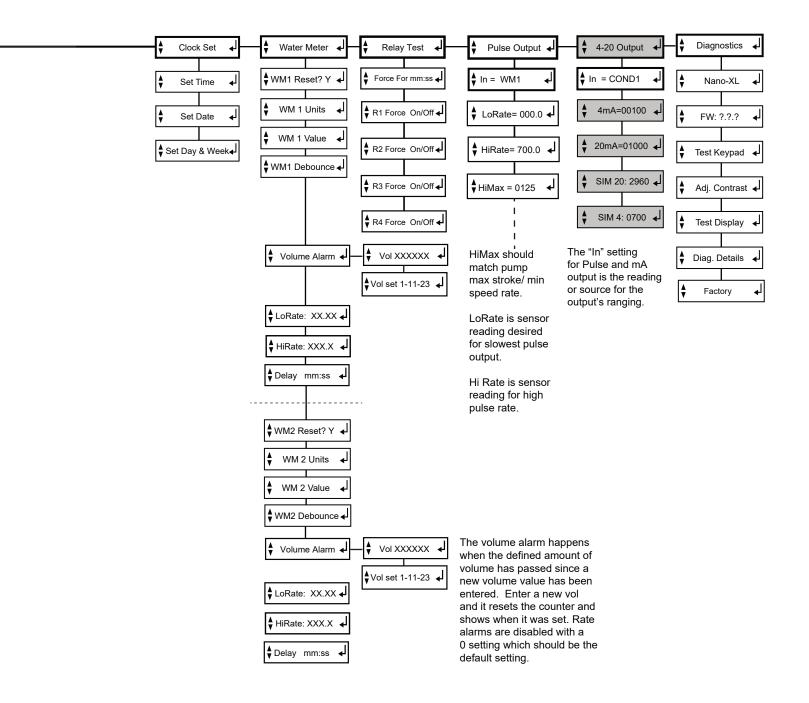
Note: If a controller is using Timed Sampling or Sampling and Hold methods of control the conductivity reading shown in the RUN mode may not be a current reading. The controller will hold and display the conductivity value seen at the end of the last sample or hold duration. To see a current reading, force on the bleed relay via the Calibration menu.

- **A. Continuous** Calibrating continuous sampling units can be done at any time with the probe in a steady stream of water with no air or steam present.
- **B. Timed Sampling** While in the calibration menu there is a selection to force on the bleed relay. It will force it into the sample period. After 1-2 minutes verify that the reading is stable then enter the desired calibration value.
- **C. Sample and Hold** While in the calibration menu there is a selection to force on the bleed relay. It will force the unit into its sample and hold periods and calibration should be done during the hold after a fresh sample.

#### Notes:

- 1. If steam is flashing on boiler probes a stable reading will not be maintained and the controller will not track.
- 2. Changing the scale in the Configure menu will reset the calibration, and recalibration will be required.





#### VI. Maintenance

The only required maintenance for normal uninterrupted operation of your controller is cleaning of the electrode(s). After initial start up, it is a good idea to clean the electrode frequently until a schedule based on need has been developed. Since each application is unique, it is difficult to estimate the required frequency of cleaning. The first cleaning should take place after about one week of the system being on line.

To determine the required cleaning frequency, record the reading on the controller before the electrode is removed for cleaning. After cleaning, record the new reading. If a change is observed in the two readings, the electrode was dirty. The more significant the change, the dirtier the electrode. If no change occurs, cleaning needs to be done less often.

#### **Conductivity Electrode Cleaning Procedure**

- 1. Record the current conductivity reading.
- 2. Turn off water flow through the electrode loop, bleed pressure from the line and remove electrode.
- 3. Use a clean cloth and a mild cleaning solution to remove loose dirt etc., from the flat surface of the electrode.
- 4. If the electrode has deposits such as scale attached to the electrode surface a more aggressive cleaning approach will be needed. There are several ways to do this, the preferred method being the one that is easiest for the user.
  - a. Use a mild acid solution to dissolve deposits.
  - b. Lay a piece of sandpaper (200 grit or finer) on a flat surface such as a bench top. "Sand" electrode to remove stubborn deposits. (Do not wipe surface with your finger.) Oil from your skin will foul carbon tips.
- 5. Reinstall the electrode in the system. After the reading stabilizes, calibrate the unit to a reliable test reading.

Many times an electrode can appear to be clean, but the unit still cannot be calibrated. If this is the case, use one of the more aggressive electrode cleaning procedures listed in step 4 above. Recheck the calibration after completion of this procedure. If no change was observed in the reading, replace the electrode. If a change occurred but the unit still will not calibrate, repeat procedure as many times as necessary.

# VII. Troubleshooting

The Advantage NanoTron controller is designed for many years of trouble free operation. Should a problem occur, refer to the following chart to help identify the problem. If replacement is required, follow the procedures listed in the Warranty and Factory Service portion of this manual.

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
False reading	. Bad or dirty electrode	Clean, as needed
-	Out of calibration	Calibrate unit
Will not calibrate	. Dirty electrode	Clean electrode
	Faulty electrode	Replace electrode if needed
	Faulty wiring to electrode	Replace wiring if needed
No system power	. Check power source	Plug into different receptacle
	Check fuse	Replace as needed
	Check connections	Make sure ribbon cables are secure
Pulse timer not activating	. Check wiring	Repair as needed
	Check external device	Repair/replace as needed
Outputs not energized	. No flow	Check sample line for
		clogged pipes or strainers
	Check fuse	Replace as needed

# VIII. Manufacturer's Product Warranty

Advantage Controls warrants units of its manufacture to be free of defects in material or workmanship. Liability under this policy extends for 24 months from date of installation. Liability is limited to repair or replacement of any failed equipment or part proven defective in material or workmanship upon manufacturer's examination. Removal and installation costs are not included under this warranty. Manufacturer's liability shall never exceed the selling price of equipment or part in question.

Advantage disclaims all liability for damage caused by its products by improper installation, maintenance, use or attempts to operate products beyond their intended functionality, intentionally or otherwise, or any unauthorized repair. Advantage is not responsible for damages, injuries or expense incurred through the use of its products.

The above warranty is in lieu of other warranties, either expressed or implied. No agent of ours is authorized to provide any warranty other than the above.

### 30 Day Billing Memo Policy

Advantage Controls maintains a unique factory exchange program to ensure uninterrupted service with minimum downtime. If your unit malfunctions, call 1-800-743-7431, and provide our technician with Model and Serial Number information. If we are unable to diagnose and solve your problem over the phone, a fully warranted replacement unit will be shipped, usually within 48 hours, on a 30 Day Billing Memo.

This service requires a purchase order and the replacement unit is billed to your regular account for payment.

The replacement unit will be billed at current list price for that model less any applicable resale discount. Upon return of your old unit, credit will be issued to your account if the unit is in warranty. If the unit is out of warranty or the damage not covered, a partial credit will be applied based upon a prorated replacement price schedule dependent on the age of the unit. Any exchange covers only the controller or pump. Electrodes, liquid end components and other external accessories are not included.

### **FCC Warning**

This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used properly, that is, in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instruction, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been type tested and found to comply with the limits for a class A computing device pursuant to subpart J of part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a commercial or industrial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user, at his own expense, will be required to take whatever measures necessary to correct the interference.

# **Get the Advantage in Water Treatment Equipment!**

Advantage Controls can give you the *Advantage* in products, knowledge and support on all of your water treatment equipment needs.

- Cooling Tower Controllers
- Boiler Blow Down Controllers
- Blow Down Valve Packages
- Solenoid Valves
- Water Meters
- Chemical Metering Pumps
- Corrosion Coupon Racks
- Chemical Solution Tanks
- Solid Feed Systems
- Feed Timers
- > Filter Equipment
- Glycol Feed Systems
- Pre Fabricated Systems

